

MAKERERE



UNIVERSITY

MARGARET TROWELL SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL AND FINE ARTS

REPORT
A PROPOSAL ON PRINT MAKING BEING A SUPPLIMENT TO
EARLY PREGNANCY SENSITISATION.

BY

NABISERE ANNET

2100700772

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SUPERVISOR: SSEWANYANA ROBERT

**A RESEARCH REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE COLLEGE OF
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BRANCH.**

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DECLARATION

I NABISERE ANNET affirm that to the best of knowledge the work contained and produced in this proposal is fully owned by me, having all the ideas I came up with to build my topic on research.

NABISERE ANNET
2100700772

Signature..... *Annet*
Date... *Monday 12th June 2023* *12.06.2023*

APPROVAL

This is to approve that this work has been under my supervision and submitted for examination with my approval.

MR. SSEWANNYANA ROBERT

Signature.....*Nabulima S*.....
Date.....*6 Dec 2024*.....
SUPERVISOR

DEDICATION

I dedicate this report mostly to teenagers, guardians, parents, teachers, leaders, *heads* of committee and whoever is concerned. This is to ensure that early pregnancy *should* be put on stop through following and using the found research *on how to prevent it* fight it in teenage stage.

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DEFINITION OF OPERATIONAL TERMS

1. Printmaking is the process of creating art works by printing on a given surface.
2. Sensitization is the action or process of making photographic film sensitive to light.
3. Early/teenage pregnancy I pregnancy in female under the age of 20, it is also known as adolescent pregnancy.
4. Supplement is an addition to something else in order to complete or enhance it, here print making will be an addition to teenage pregnancy sensitization.

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

Print making is the process of making or creating artworks by printing on a given surface. It is an artistic process of transferring images from a matrix onto another surface and the types include relief printmaking, lithography, serigraph (screen printing), intaglio, mono type.

Printmaking is the part of the elective course units at Margaret Trowel School of Industrial and Fine Arts including drawing elective, art appreciation, communication design, printing, painting, sculpture, ceramics, textile, fabric to mention but a few.

Printmaking as a course unit at Margaret Trowel School of Industrial and Fine Art has enabled many students who specialize in it to know the importance of print making, knowing more about print making, the requirements needed for one to become the great artist in printmaking, ways how great print makers achieve etc.

During the printmaking session, student is able to take note of the requirements or tools and materials needed for one to come up with a print and some of the materials are; paste, paint. Water, sponge, gloves, paraffin, paper, glue, ink and then some of the tool used in printmaking are; squeegee, board, glass, wood, stencil, brush, bucket.

Printmaking as a course unit encourages the practice of other course units such as drawing, textile, fabric since the procedures of coming up with the design are almost the same.

Printmaking is a unique art form that blends creativity and technological skill, through the centuries, printmaking has required incredible handwork and ingenuity to create visually interesting and evocative art work. As printmaking has served many practical purposes through its stories past it is highly valued as an art form, today an original print from a talented artist is a thing of beauty and holds much value to art collectors and enthusiasts.

The history of printmaking began in Han Dynasty China and the earliest known example is "A WOODEN BLOCK PRINT ON SILK" and has been dated sometime during the Han Dynasty from 206C to 220C.

The 15th century; The 1300 page Gutenberg Bibles were masterful prints that used printed Gothic type designed to look like hand calligraphy then the 16th century printmaking masters emerged and the most notable was Albrecht Durer a German artist whose travels in Italy let him influence the printmaking world across Europe.

On the other hand, early/teenage pregnancy as a part of the proposal is pregnancy in a female under the age of 20, it is also known as adolescent pregnancy and can occur with sexual intercourse after the start of ovulation which can be before the first menstrual period (menarche) but usually occurs after the onset of periods.

Many girls face considerable pressure to marry early and become mothers while they are still children themselves and on this note therefore girls must be able to make their own decisions about their bodies and future plus having access to appropriate health care services and comprehensive sexuality education.



Teenage pregnancy comes to many teenagers or adolescents due to their unawareness or forced situations where some fail to get solutions to the early pregnancy, most girls or adolescents get pregnant without their parents' notice in cases where they are expected to be at school and some decide to first pass by their so-called loved ones and at the end of it they go for unprotected sex and finally get pregnant where others think they are in their safe days and cannot count it well or

correct which leads to wrong information and therefore fall victims without them knowing and tend to notice it after a certain period of time when they see some signs pregnancy mostly missed periods.

Teenage pregnancy is a shock to most parents because they be expecting much from their girl child education and most needs thinking they will be disappointed at the end of it with the early o teenage pregnancy after all the effort they have put.

Most children get ashamed after getting pregnant because they also cannot fit in their friends as seen in the diagram below



PROBLEM STATEMENT

Print making is done or created when designs of different types ,letters and symbols are put onto a piece of cloth using ink ,paste, or any other painting agent and so many people print out bad and vulgar signs and symbols which lead to increased immorality among the young generation such as prints containing sex positions, sex clubs, sex links, sex video websites were many teenagers are forced to go into its action of sexual intercourse encouraging early or teenage pregnancy and on this note therefore print makers should instead use the printmaking in advertisements and information about early pregnancy sensitization and communicating more about its dangers. Disadvantages, effects and prevention through printmaking.

Print making should therefore be a supplement to pregnancy sensitization since one can put on a cloth having all the information about or on how to prevent early or teenage pregnancy and this therefore helps in spread of how early or teenage pregnancies should be prevented since once teenage pregnancies happen it will forever affect girl child to have a mark that hinders her progress in future. (Maliki ,2012)

PURPOSE

The purpose of the study was to ensure that print making is a supplement to early or teenage pregnancy.

OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

1. To emphasize print making as a supplement to teenage pregnancy sensitization.
2. To reduce the rates of pregnancies and births to youth in the target areas.
3. To alert the young generation about the dangers of teenage pregnancies through print making.

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

1. How can print making be a supplement to teenage pregnancy sensitization?
2. How can the rates of pregnancies and births be reduced to youth in the target areas?
3. How can the young generation be informed about the dangers of teenage pregnancy?

SIGNIFICANCE;

This research intends to encourage the sensitization of early pregnancies through print making in order to prevent and stop adolescents to fall victims

This research intended to alert the generation about the dangers of teenage pregnancies through printmaking.

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

Geographical scope;

This study was carried out in some parts of Uganda, one cannot carry out the study in the whole of Uganda. It was done in selected particular areas such as Wakiso district, Masaka district, Mbale district or a specific village within a selected district of the chosen choice where teenage pregnancy is mostly noted by researcher's ad people who have been doing more sensitization about related topics.

Content scope;

This study emphasized the sensitization about teenage or early pregnancy through print making and many teenagers got more information about the reduction on the rates of teenage births and pregnancies.

Time scope;

This study was carried out from 2022 -2023 since it required more of observations and interviews from different people such as the teenagers going through early pregnancies, the medical centers and the print makers to know more about how prints can be used in sensitization of teenage pregnancy.

CHAPTER TWO (LITURATURE)

ORGANISATION OF MY SUB TOPICS ACCORDING TO THE OBJECTIVE STUDY

2.1 Introduction

Teenage pregnancy is a serious public health and social problem with 95% occurring in developing countries (Article number: 211(2019)). The aim of the study was to investigate the behavioral familial and social factors associated with teenage pregnancies among girls aged 13-19 years in Lira District Uganda like wise to print making where it was beginning in Han Dynasty China and the earliest known example 'a wood block print on silk 'has been dated sometime during the Han Dynasty from 206B.C -220A.D. The first print on paper was made during the seventh century where the original form of printmaking used a small wooden board as the matrix (noted on 26th February 2021)

2.2 Sustainability of printmaking;

Sustainability in print making is defined by defined by social, environment and resources responsible practices that are used to meet the current needs and expectation, it encompasses than just using recycled papers <https://qualitypress.com.au>> about)

2.3 Causes of early pregnancy.

It is noted that lack of information about sexual and reproductive health and rights, inadequate access to services tailored to young people, sexual violence also early and forced marriage which can be both a cause and a consequence that contributes more to teenage pregnancies.

2.4 Effects of teenage pregnancies.

Teenage pregnancies and births result in health consequences where children are more likely to be born preterm, have lower birth weight and higher neonatal mortality.

Pregnancies last three trimesters for a total of roughly 40 weeks.

2.5. Common side effects of pregnancy.

Nausea, vomiting, swelling, varicose veins, backaches, hemorrhoids, heartburn, fatigue and this affects much the teenagers since they are at the age under 20 years so it's a big challenge for the since they are not familiar with the situations.

2.6 Importance of print making in teenage pregnancy sensitization.

Print making is a form of art where pictures are printed by transferring it to a paper using a block, stone etc. In this study therefore printmaking brings to us the information of day-to-day happenings and makes us aware.

Print making therefore helps much in the sensitization of teenage pregnancy since prints warning or that help in reduction of teenage pregnancies can be posted everywhere without limitations.

CHAPTER THREE

METHODOLOGY

3.0 Introduction

This chapter describes the research design, approaches and all the targeted population, sample size and sampling techniques. It contains data collection, questionnaire survey method, data collection instruments. Self-administered questionnaire, identification of variables and also ethical considerations with all the summary.

3.1 Research design

Bill Fick: Beth Gra Borski say print making is a complete guide to materials and process covers fundamental techniques updating traditional approaches to incorporate new materials and current practices in the contemporary print studio with specific attention to safety.

3.2 Research approach

The study is qualitative and quantitative. The qualitative approach involves collecting, analyzing numerical data through finding patterns and averages of pregnancies in early teenagers, test causal relationships and generalize results to wider population through print making. <http://www.questionpro.com>&. The qualitative approach involved collecting and analyzing non numerical data such as text, video, audios among others to understand concepts, opinions or experiences through putting down the given information from the teenagers going through early pregnancies.

3.3 Target population

Target population means a group or set of elements that you want to know more information about.

You run a regression involving people without specifying exactly who the target population is. It leads to “hopeless ambiguity” and some to the other references. Through the target population more information was found about the teenagers going through early pregnancies.

3.4 Sample size

In statistic, sample size is generally represented by the variable 'n' (Updated April 23rd 2018 by Jon Zamboni), sample size is the counting of individual samples or observations in any statistical setting such a scientific experiment or public opinion survey.

Report sample size along alongside an italicized 'n' this is the statistical abbreviation for sample size

Therefore; $n=120$ means your sample size or number of participates was 120.

3.5 Sampling technique

Simple random sampling technique was used in print making industries and also survives will be made in areas around Kampala city in regards to the geographical scope of study.

3.6 (a) Data collection

Questionnaires were used to collect data from the teenagers that got early pregnancies and also print makers. The questionnaire were used because it allows collection of data from a big group of respondents in a short period as stated by Asaya (2018).

The questionnaire were used because it allows busy respondents to fill it at a convenient time, interviewing was also involved in order to know more about what led the teenagers to be victims of early pregnancy.

(B)Data collection instruments

The instruments to be used in this study were questionnaires, interviews and observation technique.

3.7 Self-Administered Questionnaire

This study employed a questionnaire as a tool of data collection, observation to see what is really happening to the pregnant teenagers in order to know more information about early pregnancies and also to know more information about print making.

The questionnaire addressed the following issues;

1. What are the main causes of early or teenage pregnancies?
2. How print making can be a supplement to teenage pregnancy sensitization?
3. What should be done in reduction of births and teenage pregnancy rates?

3.8 Identification of variables

Variable refers to a person, place, thing or phenomenon that you are trying to measure in some way and in this study therefore measurements are going to be identified through interviews and questionnaires.

3.9 Ethical considerations

As they are a set of principles that guide research design and practices, the study is going to be guided with research designs such as collecting data from people through studying effective treatments, investigating behaviors, understanding real life phenomena and also improving lives in other way.

3.10 Achievement of specific objectives

1. To emphasize print making as a supplement to teenage pregnancy sensitization, here print making will be the main used form of sensitization.
2. To reduce the rates of pregnancies and births to youth in the target areas, this study will help in reduction of the rates of teenage pregnancy and births since sensitization will be put on a high reduction and stop.
3. To alert the youth generation about the dangers of teenage pregnancies through print making, in this study many teenagers will be aware of dangers teenage pregnancy since many learning centers will be emphasized in different communities.

3.11 Data analysis and presentation

Data analysis summarized collected data, in this study there was interpretation of data gathered through use of analytical and logical reasoning to determine patterns, relationships or trends.

This is nothing but analyzing our past or future and making decisions based on it (14th July 2022)

3.12 Summary

This chapter outlined the research designs and the methodology involved identifying sample population, sample size, questionnaire design, experimental research and identification of variables and research design covered data that explains information about early or teenage pregnancies and print making through inquiring about people's perception.

CHAPTER FOUR

REPRESENTATION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS

The government together with the community at large should help in the fighting and reducing of teenage pregnancy mostly through emphasizing print making such as printing out signs and symbols that contain information that encourages the teenagers to avoid all situations that can lead to early pregnancy.

Encouraging the formation of groups that sensitize teenage pregnancy in the communities.

Teenage friendly sexual and reproductive health care services should be provided in communities so as to help the teenagers to be guided about teenage pregnancy.

Encouraging the leaders of different communities to talk about the health risks of unprotected sex and teenage pregnancies.

Educating the teenagers on topics such as HIV, STDs and contraception through spreading awareness in the field of effective contraceptive usage.

Empowering girls by offering them support and protection through creating effective strategies that teach life skills, build self-esteem and improve social networks.

In conclusion therefore the community together with the government should be the main and first reference to the reduction of teenage pregnancies among the youth.

CHAPTER FIVE

SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

5.0. Introduction

The following chapter includes the report or summary of how the study was discussed, interpreted and presented.

The data secured and document analysis was handled by using a little statistic such as the simple scale of one to ten and also still narrative approach therefore the following are the major findings of the research study.

5.1. Application of research methods used;

The required information about the early pregnancy sensitization through printmaking was collected using different types of data collection such as;

5.1.1. Interview guide;

An interview guide is a document that enables organizations to structure the way they conduct their candidate interviews.

It helped me as an interviewer to know what to ask about and in what order and it ensures a candidate experience that is the same for all applicants.

Interviewing is suitable for use with both literates and illiterates therefore it permits clarification of questions because it has a higher response rate than written questionnaires.

This therefore helped me to get much and correct information about printmaking being part of early pregnancy sensitization since information is gathered from the literates and illiterates.

5.1.2; Observing; Observation gives more detailed and context related information therefore permits collection of information on facts not mentioned in an interview and also permits tests of reliability of responses to questionnaire.

This therefore enabled me to get more detailed and context related information about early pregnancies and how they could be sensitized through printmaking.

5.1.3; Using available information (Literature search); The use of available information is inexpensive because data is already there and therefore permitting examination of trends over the past.

The information about early pregnancies was available, it was inexpensive for me since it required little money to find out the information among the youth.

5.1.4; Small scale flexible interview; small scale flexible interview permits collection of in-depth information and exploration of spontaneous remarks by respondents.

This interview permitted me to collect in-depth information and spontaneous remarks such as; why do youth get early pregnancies, how they can be prevented etc. from different respondents.

5.1.5; Large scale fixed interview; For the large-scale fixed interview helps to ease analysis.

This interview helped me to analyze the challenges faced by the youth who get early pregnancies, how to decrease on the rates of early pregnancies among the youth, more information on how printmaking could help on the sensitization of early pregnancies

5.1.6; Administering written questionnaires;

For this method is less expensive therefore permits anonymity and may result in more honest responses, does not require research assistants and also eliminates bias due to phrasing questions differently with different respondents.

This method therefore helped me to get more honest responses since I could get responses I was asking about and so didn't need research assistants since I had guidelines to follow in my written questionnaires.

5.2. SUMMARY OF THE FIELD RESEARCH FINDINGS;

The primary objective of this research was to identify how printmaking could help in the sensitization of early pregnancies and also to reduce on the rates of early pregnancies among the youth.

5.2.1. To emphasize printmaking as a supplement to early or teenage pregnancies.

5.2.2. To reduce the rates of pregnancies and births among the youth in target areas.

5.2.3. To alert the young generation about the dangers of teenage pregnancies through print making.

5.3. CONCLUSIONS;

This chapter introduces the conclusion basing on the finding of printmaking being a supplement to pregnancy sensitization. This research review is those for authors and don't necessary represent the official position of the other researches done in line with the topic.

5.3.1. Conclusions on how print making can be a supplement to teenage pregnancy sensitization.

5.3.2. Conclusions on how the rates of pregnancies and births can be reduced among the youth in target areas.

5.3.3. Conclusions on how the young generation can be informed about the dangers of teenage pregnancies.

5.4. RECOMMENDATIONS; Recommendations in research are suggestions/solutions that address certain problems based on your study results.

Discuss the importance of your research study and the difference it makes. Lists specific actions to be taken with regard to policy, practice, theory, or subsequent research.

5.4.1. Print making should be emphasized as a supplement to early or teenage pregnancy.

5.4.2. Many ways should be brought up for the reduction of pregnancies and birth rates among the youth in target areas.

5.4.3. The young generation should be alerted about the dangers of teenage pregnancies through printmaking.

INTERVIEW GUIDE;

How can print making be a supplement to teenage pregnancy sensitization?

Where should teenagers get the right and clear information about early pregnancy sensitization

How can the rates of pregnancies and births be reduced among the target area?

Which type of information can be spread among the youth to decrease the rates of pregnancies and birth rates?

How can the young generation be informed about the dangers of teenage/early pregnancies?

How can information regarding teenage pregnancy sensitization be passed on through print making?

When should teenagers be passed on the information regarding to dangers of early pregnancies?

What are the dangers of giving birth at the youth stage?

Which methods of printmaking can help in the spread of early pregnancy sensitization?

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